

## 研究生课程教学大纲 (Syllabus)

|  |   |                       |               |                            |   |
|--|---|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---|
| 课程代码<br>Course Code                      | ASTR6007H   | *学时<br>Teaching Hours | 64            | *学分<br>Credits             | 4 |
| *课程名称<br>Course Name                     | 物理宇宙学<br>Physical Cosmology   |                       |               |                            |   |
| *授课语言<br>Instruction Language            | 英语  |                       |               |                            |   |
| *开课院系<br>School                          | 物理与天文学院   |                       |               |                            |   |
| 先修课程<br>Prerequisite                     |   |                       |               |                            |   |
| 授课教师<br>Instructors                      | 姓名 Name   | 职称 Title              | 单位 Department | 联系方式 E-mail                |   |
|  | 张骏  | 教授                    | 天文系           | betajzhang@sjtu.edu.cn     |   |
|  | Luca Visinelli  | 李政道<br>青年学者           | 李政道研究所        | luca.visinelli@sjtu.edu.cn |   |
|  |   |                       |               |                            |   |
| *课程简介<br>(中文)<br>Course Description      | <p>该课程介绍宇宙学领域的理论知识和观测方法。从弯曲空间几何讲起，介绍作为现代宇宙学理论基础的广义相对论的主要思想和计算方法。以此为基础，引入描述均匀宇宙的 RW 度规，并介绍宇宙的年龄，距离，红移，物质构成等重要概念。利用微扰理论计算宇宙结构的线性增长历史以及描述暗物质晕的理论工具，并以此结合星系和星系团的观测介绍大尺度结构与背景宇宙学的深刻关系。课程最后会介绍若干具体的宇宙学观测手段，包括引力透镜效应，SZ 效应，红移畸变等，以及所涉及的统计学知识。</p>  |                       |               |                            |   |
| *课程简介<br>(English)<br>Course Description | <p>In this course, we introduce the theoretical and observational methods in cosmology. Starting from the geometry of curved space, we introduce the key insight and method in the theory of General Relativity, which serves as the basis of modern cosmology. Based on this, we introduce the RW metric for the homogeneous universe, and define key concepts such as the cosmic age, distance, redshift, matter contents, etc.. Using perturbation theory, we show how to calculate the linear growth rate of the large scale structure, and theoretical tools for studying dark matter halos, for the purpose of revealing the deep connection between the theory and the observed distributions of the galaxies and clusters. Finally in the course, we introduce several popular observational tools of cosmology, including gravitational lensing, the SZ effect, redshift space distortion, and related issues in statistics.</p> |                       |               |                            |   |



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|---|---|----------------|---|----|-----------------------|
|   | 14  | SZ 效应, ISW 效应  | 4 | 讲课 | 张骏,<br>Luca Visinelli |
|   | 15  | 红移畸变, 宇宙再电离过程  | 4 | 讲课 | 张骏,<br>Luca Visinelli |
|   | 16  | 观测数据分析和相关的统计理论 | 4 | 实践 | 张骏,<br>Luca Visinelli |
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| *考核方式<br>Grading Policy                       | 作业: 30%<br>期末考试: 40%<br>小论文: 30%  |                |   |    |                       |
| *教材或参考<br>考资料<br>Textbooks<br>&<br>References | 1. Cosmological Physics, by John A. Peacock<br>2. Modern Cosmology, by Dodelson |                |   |    |                       |
| 备注<br>Notes                                   |   |                |   |    |                       |

备注说明:

1. 带\*内容为必填项;
2. 课程简介字数为 300-500 字; 教学内容、进度安排等以表述清楚教学安排为宜, 字数不限。